

Understanding the Finance Bill 2026 & Economic and Financial Measures Bill 2026: What's Coming Next

Finance Bill 2026 & Economic and Financial Measures (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2026 and their implications for business and investment

- The Finance Bill 2026 amends 25 existing laws, mainly in taxation and public finance.
- The Economic and Financial Measures (Miscellaneous Provisions) Bill 2026 amends over 50 laws to implement reforms across economic and financial sectors.

Business facilitation and ease of doing business

- Economic Development Board Act is amended with provisions for AI City Scheme Certificate (minimum investment of USD 1 million by the AI founder).
- Golden Visa introduced for high-net-worth individuals investing at least USD 1 million (or equivalent) in strategic sectors such as FinTech, AI, biotechnology and renewable energy. Benefits include among others an initial 2-year visa.

Fintech

- A National Fintech Governance Committee is established to drive Mauritius' fintech strategy, promote cross-agency collaboration, and strengthen the country's position as a fintech hub.

Renewable energy

- Tax incentives introduced for solar photovoltaic manufacturing, investment tax credits, and climate-related fiscal measures are enhanced.

Financial reporting

- The Financial Reporting Council is empowered to recognise, adopt or recommend sustainability reporting standards, including ISSB and climate-related disclosure standards.

Start-Up Act

- This new Act introduces a 10-year tax holiday, start-up accelerator support, digital patent management, and a tailored labour framework to foster innovation and entrepreneurship.

National Pension

- New terms and conditions are introduced for the State Age Pension, which replaces the Basic Retirement Pension.

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Selected fiscal measures for business and investment from the Finance Bill 2026

Income tax

- Individual taxpayers will not pay **Fair Share Contribution** for income years ending 30 June 2027 and 2028.
- As from the income year starting on 1 July 2026, in addition to the existing tax rates, individual taxpayers are liable to tax at the rate of 35% on chargeable income which exceeds Rs.12 million.
- 75% of **CSR Fund** set up as from 1 January 2027 has to be paid to the Mauritius Revenue Authority (MRA) unless a reduction of up to 25% is approved by the National Social Inclusion Foundation.
- Companies having to submit APS statements have to include therein the **Corporate Climate Responsibility levy (CCR levy)** payable on a quarterly basis.
- Tax credit, other than on acquisition of new plant and machinery, artificial intelligence and patents and foreign tax, cannot be set off against **Corporate Climate Responsibility** levy payable.
- **Premium visa/Golden Visa** – income remitted in Mauritius for work performed remotely from Mauritius is taxable in Mauritius unless a declaration is made that tax has already been paid overseas.
- The **tax credit** of 45% that can be claimed equally over the first three years for the purchase of new plant and machinery, artificial intelligence and patents by **manufacturing companies** is extended for capital expenditure incurred until 30 June 2029.
- The tax holiday period of 8 years of a company incorporated after 30 June 2021 and holding an **Investment Certificate issued by the Economic Development Board** starts as from the date it starts operations instead of date of incorporation.

Value Added Tax

- The **time of supply of goods or services** which used to be the earlier of the time an invoice or VAT invoice is issued or time of payment is subject to a third criteria being 3 months from the date the supply is delivered or performed.
- The **penalty for failure to issue fiscal invoices** is now Rs.5,000 per day up to a maximum of Rs.1 million in any consecutive period of 12 months. The penalty is payable within 28 days after the issue of the claim by MRA.
- The time limit of 36 months for **claiming input tax** is reduced to 24 months as from the date it ought to have been claimed.
- **Insurance premium tax** at the rate of 5% is payable as from 1 January 2027 by a general insurer on premium for policy relating to general insurance business, such as motor, property, accident and health.

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